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CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA

1. - 40. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. **Job interviews are always pretty stressful situations, ----.**

- A) no matter how much time you spend preparing beforehand
- B) even though many people are employed after a long process
- C) they can be overwhelming when you don't know what you need to do
- D) there are however ways to overcome pressure at the workplace
- E) thus stressors should be eliminated from your work environment

2. **Most of the joy of reality TV is not in seeing contestants succeed, but rather in seeing them not only fail, ----.**

- A) because popular culture has no values, it's amoral
- B) the more likely this will be accepted as the norm of TV
- C) but fail in the most humiliating ways at whatever cost
- D) we inwardly giggle in guilty pleasure seeing the failing contestants in pain
- E) we are encouraged to feel excitement and glee in seeing others suffer

3. **Despite alleged accounts of Swedish conquests of Finland, ----.**

- A) Swedes had settled, hunted and traded in Finland for centuries
- B) Sweden and Finland were never in conflict in their history
- C) after the Swedish revolt, Norway remained affiliated with Denmark
- D) Denmark lead the rest of Scandinavia in shaping its society toward a European model
- E) Sweden was a kingdom which involved all Scandinavian nations

4. **Separated from the rest of continental Europe by the Pyrenees Mountains, ----.**

- A) it became a province of the Roman Empire known as Hispania
- B) the Greeks named the region "Iberia," after the Ebro River
- C) Celtic tribes arrived from central Europe and settled in the northern parts of the peninsula
- D) a number of Iberian civilizations had developed by the Bronze Age
- E) the Iberian Peninsula lies between the Mediterranean Sea and the Atlantic Ocean

CLOZE TEST

1

1. - 5. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

The winner of the 1989 Nobel Peace Prize, the 14th Dalai Lama is known (1) ---- his Buddhist peace philosophy based on reverence for all living things and the idea of a universal responsibility that (2) ---- both man and nature. The current Tibetan leader has always been (3) ---- to compromise and seek reconciliation (4) ---- brutal violations. He has also been a keen supporter of women's rights, inter-faith dialogues, and environmentalism to name (5) ---- things.

1.

- A) for B) of
C) as D) with
E) to

2.

- A) stimulates B) purchases
C) embraces D) supplies
E) loosens

3.

- A) brilliant B) careless
C) crucial D) willing
E) mutual

4.

- A) once B) on account of
C) rather than D) in contrast
E) despite

5.

- A) every B) a few
C) a good deal of D) much
E) a lot

2

1. - 5. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

An additional 20 minutes commuting per day is (1) ---- to a 19 per cent pay cut when it comes to measuring job satisfaction, a study (2) ----. Researchers (3) ---- the impacts of commuting to work on the well-being of more than 26,000 employees in England (4) ---- a five-year period. They found that every extra minute of commuting time reduces (5) ---- job ---- leisure time satisfaction, increases strain and worsens mental health.

1.

- A) satisfactory B) doubtful
C) explanatory D) ineffective
E) equivalent

2.

- A) will find B) had found
C) has found D) is finding
E) is to find

3.

- A) are examining B) examined
C) have been examined D) had examined
E) were examined

4.

- A) in B) over
C) around D) up to
E) from

5.

- A) both / and B) as / as
C) no sooner / than D) hardly / when
E) neither / nor

OKUMA PARÇASI

1

1. - 3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Shanghai with a population of more than 24 million as of 2014 bears the title of being the most populous city in both China and Asia as well as being the most populous city in the world. With the world's busiest container port, it is a global financial centre and a transport hub located in the Yangtze River Delta in East China. As a major shipping and trading city, Shanghai grew in importance in the 19th century due to its economic potential. Today, it has also been renowned for its Lujiazui Skyline, and museums and historic buildings which have also attracted many local and foreign tourists. It is replete with glitzy restaurants, hotels and shopping centres which compete with the ones in rival Asia cities such as Hong Kong and Singapore.

1. We can understand from the passage that ----.

- A) since it is located in the western part of China, it doesn't have any connection with rivers
- B) when it comes to economy and tourism, it cannot be said that Shanghai is a developed city
- C) Shanghai is the most crowded city in Asia after Hong Kong
- D) although it has the busiest container port in the world, it is not among the most crucial transport hubs
- E) trading and shipping were means that made the city a cosmopolitan centre in the 19th century

2. It can be understood from the passage that ----.

- A) it was in the 19th century when the mesmerizing Lujiazui Skyline, one of its huge buildings, came to be known among people
- B) compared to other big cities in Asia such as Hong Kong and Singapore, Asia's economic growth is mostly thanks to Shanghai
- C) Shanghai is considered to have gained its importance thanks to its financial role, however, it is also a popular holiday destination
- D) Shanghai is different from other cosmopolitan Asian cities in that it has the most unique shopping centres
- E) People are more likely to choose Shanghai over Hong Kong or Singapore since neither of them has as many tourist attractions as the former

3. It can be inferred from the passage that ----.

- A) Lujiazui Skyline, being Shanghai's most famous building, is the only tourist attraction which is visited by the foreigners in Shanghai
- B) in addition to being a tourist attraction, Shanghai also attracts foreign investors due to its economic potential
- C) in comparison with the other cities in Asia, Shanghai supposedly has the most luxurious and remarkable restaurants and hotels
- D) the Yangtze River came to be a famous tourist attraction after Shanghai's port became very important
- E) its container port located near the Yangtze River Delta is one of the most leading elements in Shanghai's economy



DIYALOG TAMAMLAMA

1. - 20. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Sally:

- **Human body has billions of cells. They are tiny elements of living materials.**

Rupert:

- ----

Sally:

- **Cells always reproduce themselves. Normally our body controls this process. It tells cells to divide themselves when we need it and to stop when we don't.**

Rupert:

- **Oh, so by multiplying cells, our bodies make sure we have enough of them until it cannot reproduce any more cells.**

- A) Our brains consist of millions of cells that multiply until a certain age.
- B) I would love to study cells one day, so I want to become a scientist in the future.
- C) If they are living material, why do they die because I know our bodies depend on them?
- D) In order for a body to grow, it needs many cells to divide and multiply.
- E) I do know that we are born with a certain amount of them and millions of cells die every day.

2. Damon:

- **Why did scientists name the increase in the Earth's temperature global warming?**

Rick:

- **Scientists made an alarming discovery in the 1980s. They found out that the average temperature of the Earth's surface was slowly rising.**

Damon:

- ----

Rick:

- **It is called global warming because the temperatures are rising in every part of the world. It is not local but global.**

- A) There have been trends of cooling and warming in the world before.
- B) The temperatures must have been rising for a long time, though.
- C) Still, they could have named it something else like the increase in the Earth's temperature.
- D) There is no such thing as a local warming unless there are factories producing heat in a closed place.
- E) Local temperature rises are directly linked to this because they contribute to rising temperatures as well.



ANLAMCA EN YAKIN CÜMLE

1. - 20. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

1. **Some gestures may be cultural, so giving a thumbs-up or a peace sign in another country might have a completely different meaning than it has in yours.**

- A) Every culture is unique so each has its own gestures, which means a thumbs-up or a peace sign that you use in your country can potentially have a completely different connotation in a different one.
- B) The reason for the thumbs-up or a peace sign gestures to be different in other cultures is because every culture has a version of these than what other countries have.
- C) The entire meaning of a gesture can change depending on which country you are, just like in the cases of the thumbs-up or a peace sign which are highly cultural.
- D) How you express yourself with gestures can be different depending on the country you live in because each culture has unique gestures of its own like the thumbs-up or a peace sign.
- E) The thumbs-up or a peace sign are the two examples of how different countries can have completely different meanings of certain gestures as each country creates gestures based on their culture.

2. **Language in its most complex form is unique to humans, although some animals have been found to have basic communication patterns.**

- A) Even though some animals can communicate between themselves in a basic manner, humans have the ultimate control over the use of a complex language.
- B) It has been discovered that some animals have some primitive patterns of communication yet this doesn't change the fact that humans are the principal users of the language.
- C) That some animals have been discovered to have basic communication patterns doesn't change the fact that humans are the sole users of the language in its most complex form.
- D) The most complex form of language can only be used by humans as most animals don't even have basic communication patterns except some of them.
- E) It has been proven that some animals can communicate in a basic manner yet they can never reach the status of men as the most complex users of language.



VERİLEN DURUM

1. - 20. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

1. You are watching a film with your siblings. Your mother calls you for dinner. You have already said that you will be there in 10 minutes. She insists and comes into your room in a very aggressive manner and tells you to take your seats at the dinner table right now. Knowing that your father is not at home yet and that she will not start serving you until he comes home, you get frustrated and complain about her typical behaviour by saying: ----

- A) You always wait till our father comes to serve dinner but you force us to sit and wait before that.
- B) I don't understand why you make such a big deal out of these dinners. We have already eaten.
- C) We will be there when he comes home so let us watch the film now.
- D) Why do you want us to sit at the dinner table before my father comes home?
- E) I never want to eat with you guys ever again because you don't start eating on time.

2. Your son wants to be a scientist and he keeps talking about this every day. However, you haven't seen him being interested in anything scientific, doing any research or experiments. Even though he's very successful at school, science doesn't seem to be one of his strongest skills. In an effort to understand if he really wants this or he is just saying that because he just had other friends say it, you ask him: ----

- A) Are you really interested in school topics? You only study for the science classes.
- B) Is it science that attracts you the most? You don't even seem to be interested in that, either.
- C) Being a scientist requires a person to devote most of his time to his studies so I don't think it is for you.
- D) Would you consider any other jobs? You need to be good at if you want to be successful.
- E) Being a scientist is popular among your age group, so have you ever considered that this is why you want to be one?



ÇEVİRİ

İNGİLİZCE / TÜRKÇE

1. - 20. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

1. **Seismologists say the soft soil under Mexico City, which was once the bottom of an ancient lake, exacerbated the effects of the most recent earthquake.**

- A) Sismologların söylediğine göre Meksiko şehri eskiden bir gölün tabanı olan yumuşak toprak üstündedir ve bu en son depremin etkilerini şiddetlendirmiştir.
- B) Sismologlar, Meksiko şehrinin altında yumuşak bir toprak tabakası olduğunu ve bunun burasının eskiden bir gölün tabanı olmasından kaynaklandığını ve bu yüzden en son depremin etkilerini şiddetlendirdiğini söylüyor.
- C) Sismologlar, eskiden bir gölün tabanı olan Meksiko şehrinin altındaki yumuşak toprağın en son depremin etkilerini şiddetlendirdiğini söylediler.
- D) Sismologlar, bir zamanlar bir gölün tabanı olan Meksiko şehrinin altındaki yumuşak toprağın en son depremin etkilerini şiddetlendirdiğini söylüyor.
- E) Sismologlar, Meksiko şehrinin altının eskiden bir gölün tabanı olmasından dolayı toprağın yumuşak olduğunu ve bunun en son depremin etkilerini şiddetlendirdiğini söylüyor.

2. **There is no scientific justification for considering modern humans separate or distinct from other evolved creatures on this fragile and ever-changing planet.**

- A) Bu hassas ve sürekli değişen dünyada modern insanları diğer evrimleşmiş yaratıklardan ayrı ya da farklı düşünmemiz için hiçbir bilimsel gerekçe yoktur.
- B) Modern insanları bu hassas ve sürekli değişen dünyadaki diğer evrimleşmiş yaratıklardan ayrı ya da farklı düşünmemiz herhangi bir bilimsel gerçeğe dayanmamaktadır.
- C) Bu hassas ve sürekli değişen dünyada modern insanları hiçbir bilimsel gerekçe göstermeden diğer evrimleşmiş yaratıklardan ayrı ya da farklı düşünmemiz yanlış olur.
- D) Dünyadaki hassas ve sürekli değişen evrimleşmiş yaratıkların insanlardan farklı düşünülmesi için hiçbir bilimsel gerekçe yoktur.
- E) Modern insanları diğer evrimleşmiş yaratıklardan ayrı ya da farklı düşünmemiz için bilimsel bir gerekçe yoktur ki dünya hassastır ve sürekli değişmektedir.



ÇEVİRİ

TÜRKÇE / İNGİLİZCE

1. - 20. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

1. Eğer Angelina Jolie gibi daha büyük bir ağıza ve daha dolgun dudaklara sahipseniz, bu genellikle arkadaşlıkların ve ilişkilerin sizin için gerçekten önemli olduğu ve doğuştan fedakar biri olduğunuz anlamına gelir.

- A) Were you to have a larger mouth or fuller lips, like Angelia Jolie, you would know it usually means that friendships or relationships are really important to you and you're a naturally giving person.
- B) If you had a larger mouth or fuller lips, like Angelia Jolie, it would have meant that friendships or relationships were really important to you and you were a naturally giving person.
- C) If only you have a larger mouth or fuller lips, like Angelia Jolie, can it mean that friendships or relationships are really important to you and you're a naturally giving person.
- D) Having a larger mouth or fuller lips like Angelia Jolie usually means that friendships or relationships are really important to you and you're a naturally giving person.
- E) If you have a larger mouth or fuller lips, like Angelia Jolie, it usually means that friendships or relationships are really important to you and you're a naturally giving person.

2. Araştırmacılar, Afrika'da yeni bir HIV aşısı denemek için iki araştırmanın başladığını duyurdular, ki bu AIDS'e sebep olan virüse karşı korunmanın daha iyi yolları için umutları yükseltti.

- A) Researchers announced two big studies in Africa with the aim to test a new HIV vaccine, which will fuel hopes for better ways to protect against the virus that causes AIDS.
- B) It is a researcher's job to announce the launch of two big studies in Africa to test a new HIV vaccine, so as to fuel hopes for better ways to protect against the virus that causes AIDS.
- C) Researchers announced the launch of two big studies in Africa to test a new HIV vaccine in order to fuel hopes for better ways to protect against the virus that causes AIDS.
- D) Researchers announced the launch of two big studies in Africa to test a new HIV vaccine, which fuelled hopes for better ways to protect against the virus that causes AIDS.
- E) Researchers' announcement of the launch of two big studies in Africa to test a new HIV vaccine fuelled hopes for better ways to protect against the virus that causes AIDS.



ANLAMI BOZAN CÜMLE

1. - 30. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

1. (I) The most powerful types of explosion in the universe are the gamma ray bursts. (II) Gamma rays have short wavelength which can be used in many fields. (III) They are intense, high-frequency bursts of electromagnetic radiation that carry as much energy in milliseconds as our Sun will give off in its entire lifespan. (IV) If one of these rays were to hit the Earth, it could strip the atmosphere of ozone in seconds. (V) Some scientists even attribute a mass extinction 440 million years ago to gamma ray bursts hitting Earth.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

2. (I) Crushes: they happen to some people often and to almost everyone sometimes. (II) We meet them at airports, on trains, streets, conferences. (III) The dynamics of modern life are forever throwing us into fleeting contact with strangers, from amongst whom we pick out a few examples who seem to us not merely interesting, but more powerfully, the solution to our lives. (IV) This phenomenon, the crush, goes to the heart of the modern understanding of love. (V) Children as young as one year old are thought to be able to fall in love.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

3. (I) We often use phrases or words that we don't fully understand. (II) Sometimes we even use words or phrases, the meanings of which we are totally clueless about. (III) For people with a passion for words and language, that is generally not viewed as a desirable trait. (IV) Although these phrases, as jargon, stem from the larger discipline of demographics, and are used most frequently by market researchers, the fact is everybody uses these words and phrases. (V) Yet, the plain fact is we can't have a detailed understanding of every word or phrase, particularly when the word belongs to the jargon of a larger body of knowledge.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

4. (I) One of the clearest messages I heard from my father when I was a boy was this: You don't hit girls. (II) I wasn't supposed to start fights with boys either, but if one of them were to hit me, my dad made it clear that I could, and, in fact, should hit back. (III) It is, of course, true that men tend to fight more in any given circumstance. (IV) But girls, no, and it was an absolute rule, and I heard it loud and clear: You don't hit girls. (V) As an adult, of course, this translated into you don't hit women.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



CEVAP ANAHTARI